

### Community College Survey of Student Engagement

Quinebaug Valley Community College

2015 Key Findings

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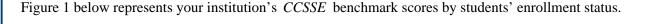
# Key Findings: A Starting Point

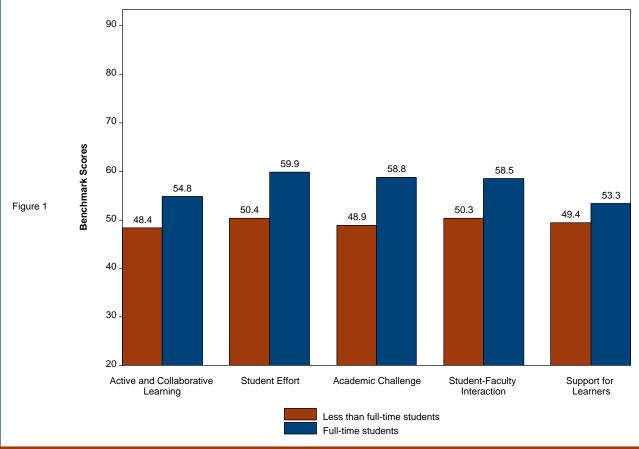
The Key Findings report provides an entry point for reviewing results from your administration of the 2015 Community College Survey of Student Engagement (*CCSSE*). The report provides college-specific data in an easy-to-share format including benchmark comparisons between the college, top-performing colleges, and the *CCSSE* cohort. It also highlights aspects of highest and lowest student engagement at the college, as well as results from five *CCSSE* special-focus items. Select faculty survey data are also highlighted.

### **Promising Practices for Student Success**

In each annual administration, *CCSSE* has included special-focus items to allow participating colleges and national researchers to delve more deeply into areas of student experience and institutional performance of great interest to the field. In the 2015 administration, some institutions opted to add special-focus items concentrated on community college students' participation in a defined collection of promising practices for which there is growing evidence of effectiveness in improving student outcomes such as course completion and persistence. The results of these findings are on pages 6-7 of this report.

### **Benchmark Overview by Enrollment Status**







## **Benchmarks of Effective Educational Practice**

#### The CCSSE benchmarks are groups of

conceptually related survey items that address key areas of student engagement. The five benchmarks denote areas that educational research has shown to be important to students' college experiences and educational outcomes. Therefore, they provide colleges with a useful starting point for looking at institutional results and allow colleges to gauge and monitor their performance in areas that are central to their work. In addition, participating colleges have the opportunity to make appropriate and useful comparisons between their performance and that of groups of other colleges.

Performing as well as the national average or a peer-group average may be a reasonable initial aspiration, but it is important to recognize that these averages are sometimes unacceptably low. Aspiring to match and then exceed highperformance targets is the stronger strategy.

Community colleges can differ dramatically on such factors as size, location, resources, enrollment patterns, and student characteristics. It is important to take these differences into account when interpreting benchmark scores-especially when making institutional comparisons. The Center for Community College Student Engagement has adopted the policy "Responsible Uses of CCSSE and SENSE Data," available at www.cccse.org.

CCSSE uses a three-year cohort of participating colleges in all core survey analyses. The current cohort is referred to as the 2015 CCSSE Cohort (2013-2015) throughout all reports.

### CCSSE Benchmarks

#### ★ Active and Collaborative Learning

Students learn more when they are actively involved in their education and have opportunities to think about and apply what they are learning in different settings. Through collaborating with others to solve problems or master challenging content, students develop valuable skills that prepare them to deal with real-life situations and problems.

#### ★ Student Effort

Students' own behaviors contribute significantly to their learning and the likelihood that they will successfully attain their educational goals.

#### ★ Academic Challenge

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. These survey items address the nature and amount of assigned academic work, the complexity of cognitive tasks presented to students, and the rigor of examinations used to evaluate student performance.

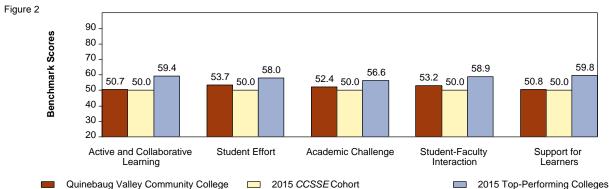
#### Student-Faculty Interaction

In general, the more contact students have with their teachers, the more likely they are to learn effectively and to persist toward achievement of their educational goals. Through such interactions, faculty members become role models, mentors, and guides for continuous, lifelong learning.

#### Support for Learners

Students perform better and are more satisfied at colleges that provide important support services, cultivate positive relationships among groups on campus, and demonstrate commitment to their success.

For further information about CCSSE benchmarks, please visit www.cccse.org.



2015 Top-Performing Colleges\*

\*Top-Performing colleges are those that scored in the top 10 percent of the cohort by benchmark. Notes: Benchmark scores are standardized to have a mean of 50 and a standard deviation of 25 across all respondents. For further information about how benchmarks are computed, please visit www.cccse.org.



## Aspects of Highest Student Engagement

Benchmark scores provide a manageable starting point for reviewing and understanding *CCSSE* data. One way to dig more deeply into the benchmark scores is to analyze those items that contribute to the overall benchmark score. This section features the five items across all benchmarks (excluding those for which means are not calculated) on which the college scored highest and the five items on which the college scored lowest relative to the 2015 *CCSSE* Cohort.

The items highlighted on pages 4 and 5 reflect the largest differences in mean scores between the institution and the the 2015 *CCSSE* Cohort. While examining these data, keep in mind that the selected items may not be those that are most closely aligned with the college's goals; thus, it is important to review all institutional reports on the *CCSSE* online reporting system at www.cccse.org.

Figure 3 displays the aggregated frequencies for the items on which the college performed most favorably relative to the 2015 *CCSSE* Cohort. For instance, 58.1% of Quinebaug Valley Community College students, compared with 51.0% of other students in the cohort, responded *often* or *very often* on item 4c. It is important to note that some colleges' highest scores might be lower than the cohort mean.

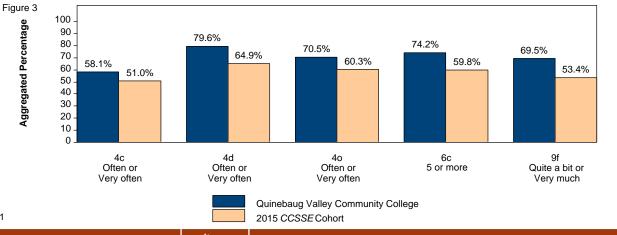


Table 1

I able 1			2015 CCSSE Cohort	
	Benchmark	ltem Number	Item	
	Student Effort	4c	Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in	
	Student Effort	4d	Worked on a paper or project that required integrating ideas or information from various sources	
	Student-Faculty Interaction	40	Received prompt feedback (written or oral) from instructors on your performance	
	Academic Challenge	6c	Number of written papers or reports of any length	
	Support For Learners	9f	Providing the financial support you need to afford your education	

Notes:

For Item(s) 4 (except 4e), often and very often responses are combined.

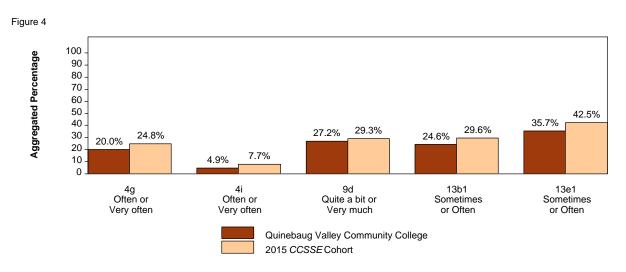
For Item(s) 6, 5 to 10, 11 to 20, and more than 20 responses are combined.

For Item(s) 9, quite a bit and very much responses are combined.



## Aspects of Lowest Student Engagement

Figure 4 displays the aggregated frequencies for the items on which the college performed least favorably relative to the 2015 *CCSSE* Cohort. For instance, 20.0% of Quinebaug Valley Community College students, compared with 24.8% of other students in the cohort, responded *often* or *very often* on item 4g. It is important to note that some colleges' lowest scores might be higher than the cohort mean.



#### Table 2

Benchmark	ltem Number	Item
Active and Collaborative Learning	4g	Worked with classmates outside of class to prepare class assignments
Active and Collaborative Learning	4i	Participated in a community-based project as a part of a regular course
Support For Learners	9d	Helping you cope with your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)
Support For Learners	13b1	Frequency: Career counseling
Student Effort	13e1	Frequency: Skill labs (writing, math, etc.)

#### Notes:

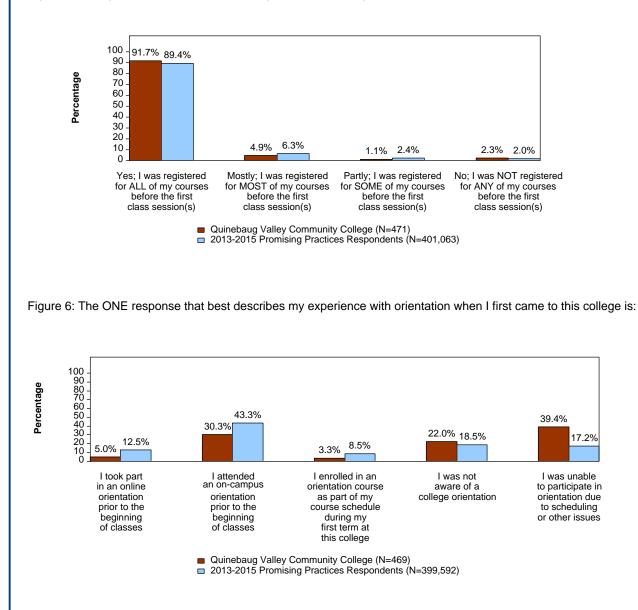
For Item(s) 4 (except 4e), *often* and *very often* responses are combined. For Item(s) 9, *quite a bit* and *very much* responses are combined. For Item(s) 13, *sometimes* and *often* responses are combined.



# 2015 CCSSE Special-Focus Items

The Center adds special-focus items to *CCSSE* each year to augment the core survey, helping participating colleges and the field at large to further explore fundamental areas of student engagement. The 2015 special-focus items continue to elicit new information about students' experiences associated with promising educational practices such as early registration, orientation, freshman seminars, organized learning communities, and student success courses. Frequency results from the first five promising practices items for your college and the *CCSSE* Promising Practices item-set respondents are displayed across pages 6 and 7.

Figure 5: During the current term at this college, I completed registration before the first class sessions(s).





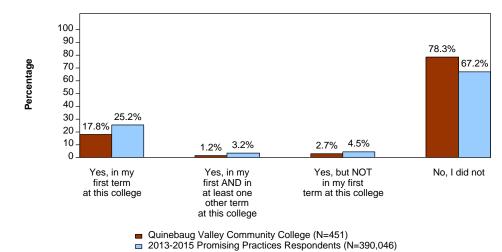
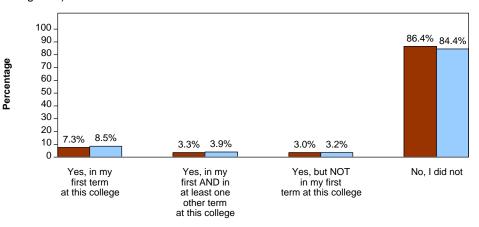


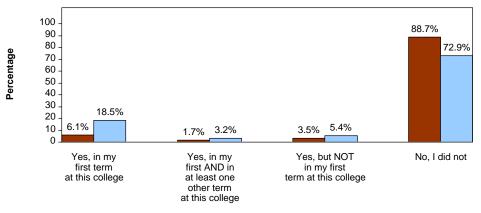
Figure 7: During my first term at this college, I participated in a structured experience for new students (sometimes called a "freshman seminar" or "first-year experience").

Figure 8: During my first term at this college, I enrolled in an organized "learning community" (two or more courses that a group of students take together).



Quinebaug Valley Community College (N=446)
2013-2015 Promising Practices Respondents (N=386,519)

Figure 9: During my first term at this college, I enrolled in a student success course (such as a student development, extended orientation, student life skills, or college success course).



Quinebaug Valley Community College (N=442)
2013-2015 Promising Practices Respondents (N=386,660)



## CCFSSE

The Community College Faculty Survey of Student Engagement (*CCFSSE*), designed as a companion survey to *CCSSE*, elicits information from faculty about their teaching practices; the ways they spend their professional time, both in and out of class; and their perceptions regarding students' educational experiences. Many of these results can be viewed alongside the corresponding *CCSSE* item results to reveal interesting differences between students' reported experiences and faculty members' perceptions of those experiences—and can serve as an excellent starting point to engage faculty in conversations about engagement. For colleges that did not administer *CCFSSE*, cohort respondent data are provided.

